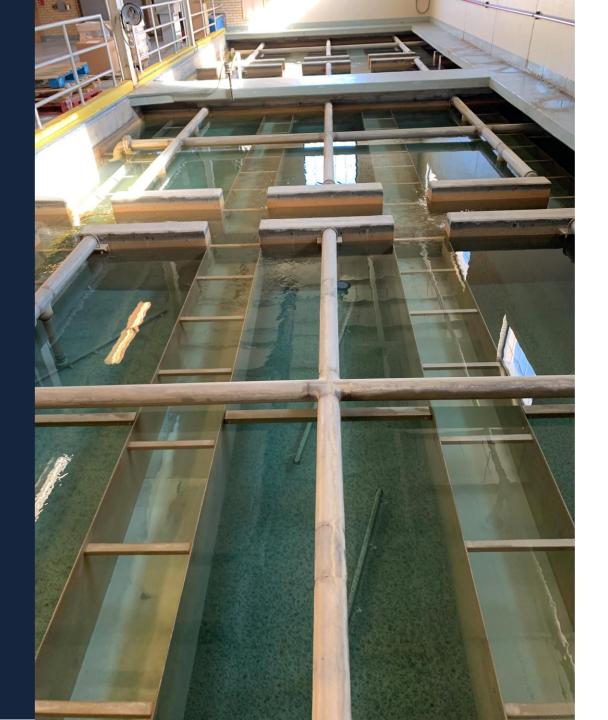


# Investing in our Water System Planning for the Next 20 Years



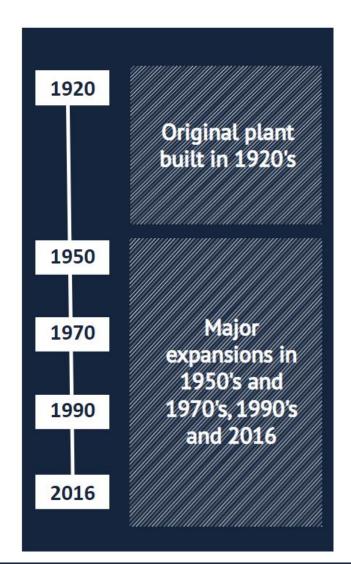
#### **Table of Contents**

- A History of Reliable Service
- The Master Planning Process
- About the Water Treatment Plant
- Regional Growth Projections
- Treatment Expansion Alternatives and Recommendations
- Condition Assessment and Recommendations
- Hydraulic Assessment and Recommendations
- Next Steps

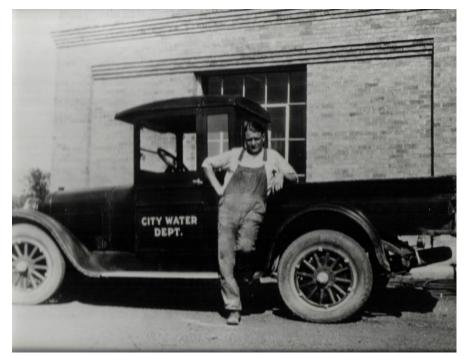




#### A History of Reliable Water Service



Over the past 100 years the City has maintained and updated the original plant to support growth and economic development in the region.





#### **Master Plan Drivers**

#### Reliability

Process equipment, structural, electrical, mechanical, health & safety, age and condition of facilities

#### Growth

Population growth and peak day water demands

#### Water Quality/Regulatory

Water hardness goals, Contaminants of emerging concern





## **The Master Planning Process**



**Review** plant condition



**Identify** rehab needs including immediate improvements



**Evaluate** processes to meet future capacity and water quality needs



**Recommend** schedule for improvements and plant expansion



**Estimate** costs





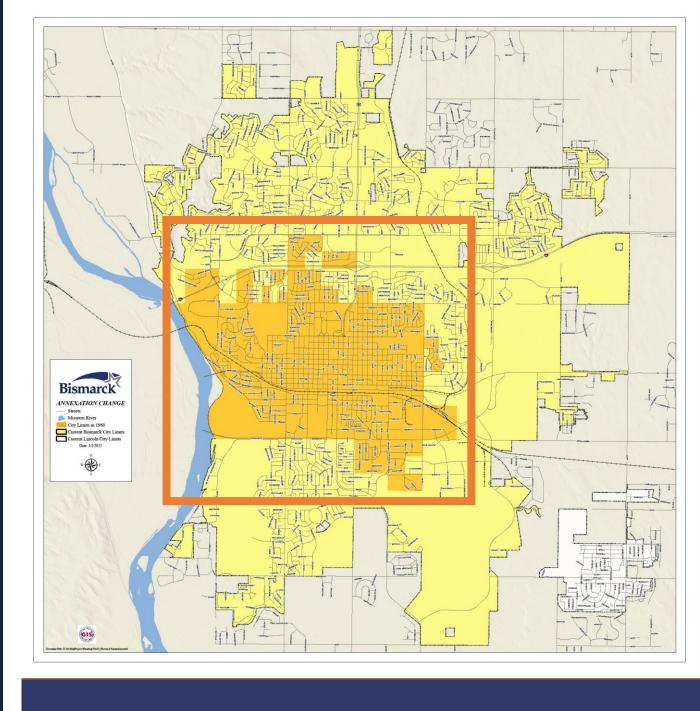
#### Bismarck's Water Treatment Plant

- Treats up to 28 MGD of Missouri River Water through collector wells and surface water intake.
- Original plant built in 1920's
- Major expansion or refurbishment done in 1950's, 1970's, 1990's and 2010's.
- The last Master Plan was completed in 1998.



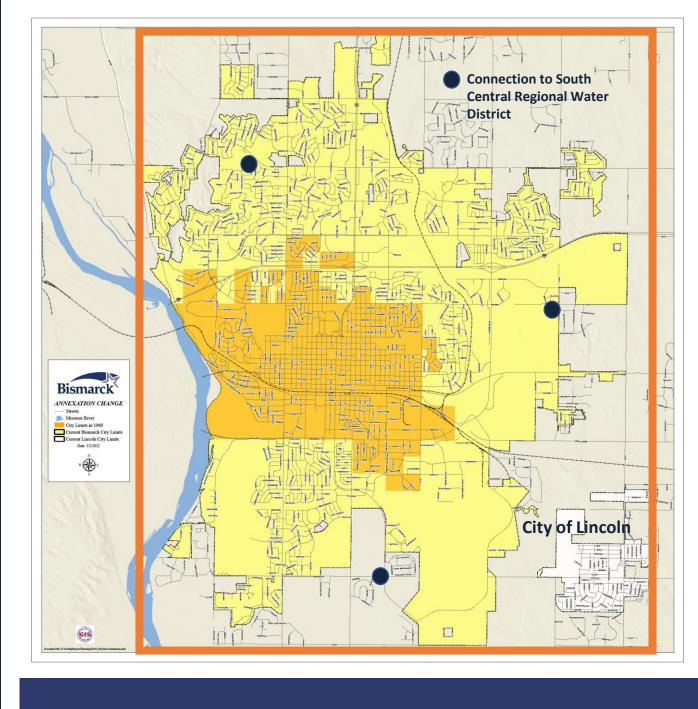
# Estimated Population in 1965: 31,200





# Estimated Population in 2020: 81,000





## **Bismarck Growth through 2040**



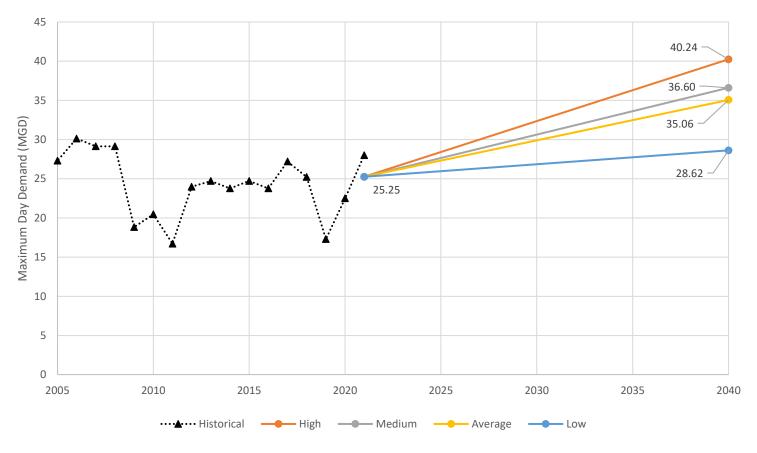
**Projected Growth** 

\* Does not include Lincoln or South Central Regional Water District service population





#### **Water Use Predictions**



- Water use is expected to increase with population growth
- Existing plant can treat up to 28 million gallons per day (MGD)
- Future design capacity of 40 MGD to meet peak day demands through 2040
- Timing for plant expansion will depend on monitoring of water use trends



### **Water Treatment Plant Expansion**

Three alternative processes evaluated.



Alternative 1: Lime Softening & Media Filtration



Alternative 2: Ultrafiltration & Membrane Softening

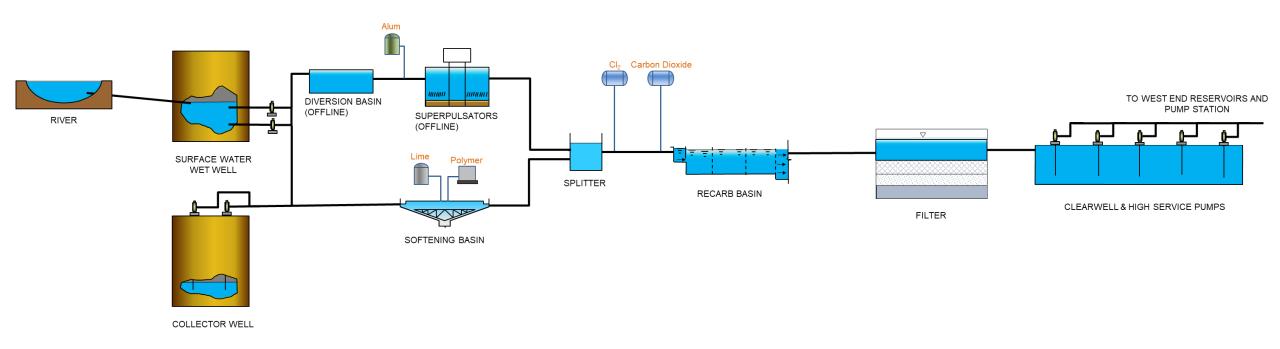


Alternative 3: Lime Softening & Ultrafiltration

 All processes considered would meet projected demands and water quality goals.



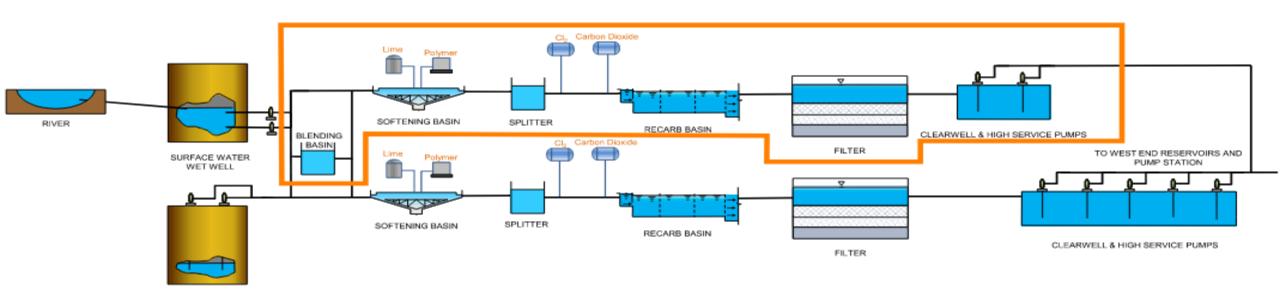
#### **Current Water Treatment Process**





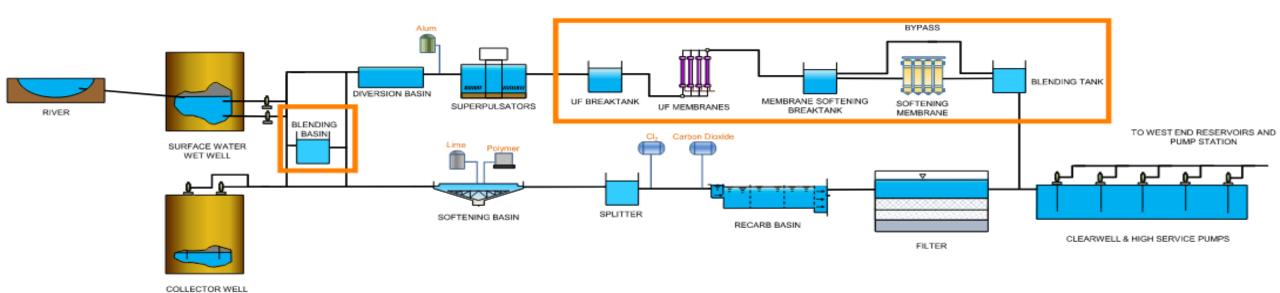
# Alternative 1 – Lime Softening and Media Filtration

COLLECTOR WELL



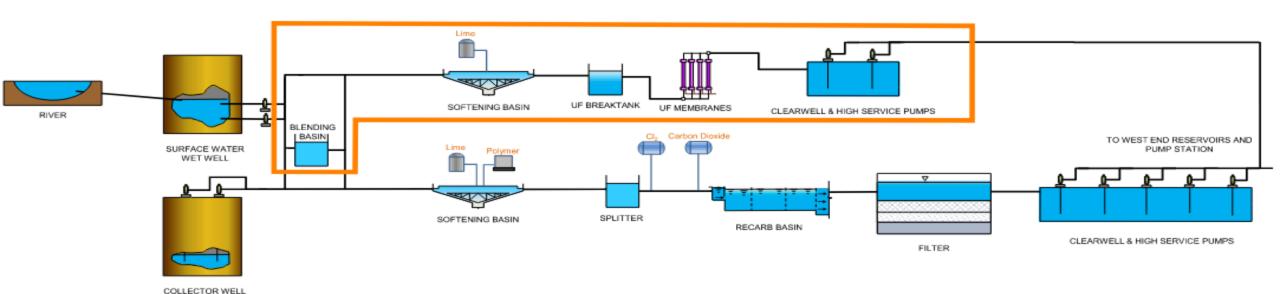


# Alternative 2 – Ultrafiltration and Membrane Softening



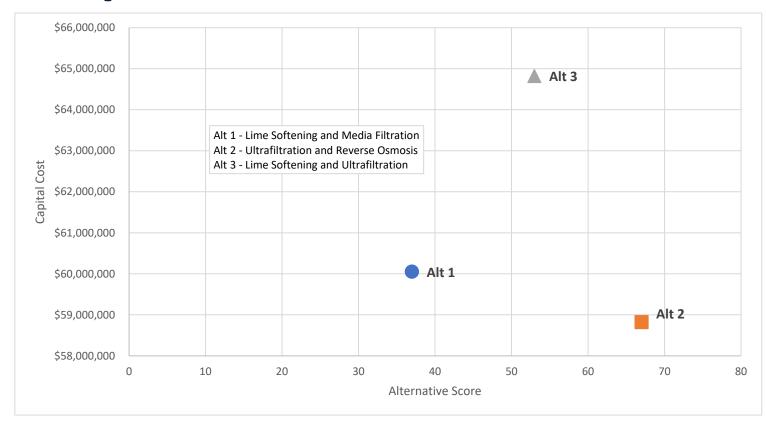


### Alternative 3 – Lime Softening and Ultrafiltration





#### **Capital Costs Evaluation**

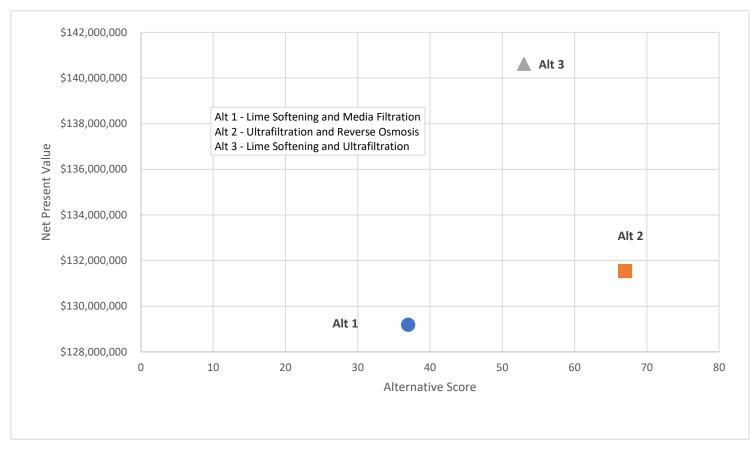


Comparing Capital Cost with Non-Monetary Score

- Monetary evaluation included capital cost and total of operation and maintenance costs over 20 years.
- Non-monetary evaluation conducted by staff to assess operational flexibility, availability of chemicals, makes use of existing facilities, etc.



## **Life Cycle Evaluation**



Comparing 20-year Net Present Value with Non-Monetary Score

- Monetary evaluation included capital cost and total of operation and maintenance costs over 20 years.
- Non-monetary evaluation conducted by staff to assess operational flexibility, availability of chemicals, makes use of existing facilities, etc.



#### **Best Alternative** – Alternative 2

ltem	Cost
Construction Cost	\$63,000,000
Annual O&M Costs	\$4,700,000
20-Year NPV O&M (2.5%)	\$73,000,000
Total NPV (Total Capital + NPV O&M)	\$136,000,000

Ultrafiltration & Membrane Softening is the best-value alternative



#### **Condition Assessment and Recommendations**



- Nearly \$17 Million in rehabilitation and replacement projects recommended in next 8 to 10 years
- Improvements will improve reliability of the existing processes and maintain existing facilities in good condition.
- Improvement types: Piping upgrades, SCADA upgrades, replace chemical feed equipment, pump motors and VFDs, other structural, architectural, mechanical, electrical improvements



#### VFD Pump Considerations & Other Fix Now Items



- Existing high service pumps are soft starts with one VFD
- Concern with condition/age and reliability
- Address immediately
- Begin improvements to other critical assets



#### Hydraulic Assessment and Recommendations



- Hydraulics of the existing plant were assessed
- Capacity is limited to 28 MGD because of hydraulic constrictions
- Recommended improvements include upsizing filter piping and re-coating the influent channel to reduce friction
- Short-term investment can increase capacity to approximately 31 MGD



## Next Steps

